P220/2

ECONOMICS

Paper 2

Nov./Dec. 2012

3 hours



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD Uganda Advanced Certificate of Education

ECONOMICS

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3 hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

Answer five questions.

Section A is compulsory. Answers to this section should be concise.

Answer four questions from section B.

All questions in section B carry equal marks.

Credit will be given for use of relevant diagrams.

Any additional question(s) answered will not be marked.

SECTION A: (20 MARKS)

Answer all parts of this question.

- 1. (a) (i) Differentiate between nominal and real Gross Domestic Product (GDP).
 - (ii) Given that a country's GDP is Shs 400 billion, net income from abroad is Shs40 billion and depreciation is Shs20 billion; calculate the Net National Product (NNP).
 - (b) Mention any two;
 - (i) factors that have influenced the level,
 - (ii) benefits
 - Of foreign direct investment in your country.
 - (c) State any four features of dualism in your country.
 - (d) (i) Distinguish between cost-push inflation and bottleneck inflation.
 - (ii) Mention any two causes of bottleneck inflation in your country.
 - (c) (i) What is meant by labour saving techniques of production?
 - (ii) Mention any two merits of the labour saving techniques of production in an economy.

SECTION B: (80 MARKS) Answer any four questions from this section.

- 2. (a) Differentiate between competitive supply and joint supply.
- (b) Explain the conditions that may lead to a decrease in the supply of a commodity in your country.
 - 3. (a) Distinguish between economic growth and economic development.
 - (b) Explain the costs of economic growth in your country.
 - 4. (a) Explain the causes of voluntary unemployment.
- (b) Suggest measures that should be taken to reduce the level of unemployment in your country.
- 5. (a) Distinguish between banking financial institutions and non-banking financial institutions.
 - (b) Explain the functions of banking financial institutions in your country.

- 6. (a) What is meant by the term balance of payments?
 - (b) Account for the persistent balance of payments deficit in your country.
- 7. (a) Distinguish between government recurrent expenditure and development expenditure.
 - (b) Account for the increase in public expenditure in your country.

END