

PRIMARY FIVE ENGLISH CLASSWORK FOR WEEK4

TOPIC: PEACE AND SECURITY

Tuesday Lesson: Comprehension.

Vocabulary.

Study the new words below carefully and learn how to use them in sentences.

police, police station, cell, offend, offence, security, peace, report, police post , barracks, crime, criminals, arrest, detain, jail, prison, prisoners, imprison, army, interrogate, insecurity, safety, bailed, court, arrows, guns, spears, witness, statement, lawyers, judges, magistrate, handcuff, etc

Fill in the blank spaces below with the correct form of the word in brackets.

1. The police officers.....three men who claimed to have corona virus cure. (arrest)
2. Whatdid Mr. Kibalama commit? (offend)
3. My immediate neighbour is among the five.....who were arrested for defying presidential directives last night. (crime)
4. African.....have been appreciated by the American President for being hardworking. (army)
5. I amthe case of theft to the police today. (report)
6. Shethe illegal arrest of Hon. Mukasa last evening. (witness)

7. The army the criminals before throwing them into a waiting police track. (handcuff)

Alphabetize the words below

8. peace, report, arrest, criminal

9. offend, offence, offensive, offences

Use the words below in sentences to show that you understand their meanings.

10. sell

11. cell.

12. peace

13. piece

Thursday Lesson: Comprehension

Lesson: Dialogue.

Study the dialogue below very carefully and answer the questions that follow.

THE WORK OF THE POLICE AND THE ARMY

Joseph: Hello Banya, what is the difference between the work of the police and that of the army?

Banya: The police enforce law and order while the army protects and defends the

country's citizens and their property from enemies.

Joseph: What happens if someone breaks the law?

Banya: The police arrests him and takes him to the police station

Joseph: Why don't they take him straight to court?

Banya: He has to first make a statement which the judge will use in court.

Joseph: Is there any other thing a judge may require in a court case ?

Banya: Of course yes. Witnesses will be needed to testify what they know about the case.

Questions.

1. Who are holding a, conversation?
2. According to the dialogue, who protects the citizens and their property?
3. What does the police do to someone who has broken the law?
4. Why are people taken to the police station first?
5. Write the title of the dialogue.
6. Why does a judge need witnesses in a court case?
7. Do you think the police and the army are important?
8. Give the opposite of the word innocent.

Friday Lesson: Grammar.

The Past simple Tense

These tense talks about actions that happened in the past and are not connected to what is happening now. In the Past simple tense, verbs change differently by adding words like; d, ed, ied and doubling the last consonant before adding ed or ied

Note: We already learnt about the Past Simple Tense so, we may not go so deep.

Examples of verbs that change to the past simple tense.

arrest. arrested

report. reported

handcuff handcuffed

torture. tortured

kill. killed

detain

march

shoot. shot

hear. heard

write

swear. swore

hide. hid

hurt. hurt

steal. stole

hit. hit

Activity.

Use the past simple tense of the verbs in brackets to complete the sentences below.

1. The army mento the barracks (march)
2. One police womanin the note book (write)
3. The policetwo thugs last night along Gaba road. (kill)
4. Weseveral gunshots before we went to bed. (hear)
5. The guy who was arrested.....never to steal again. (swear)
6. Hamzathe case to police. (report)
7. All the thugsin an abandoned house last week. (hide)
8. Our gatemanfour men who stole our tables during lock down.
(handcuff)