P235/2

ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS

**EDUCATION** 

(Hadith And Figh)

Paper 2

Nov./Dec.2007

 $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours



## UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD Uganda Advanced Certificate of Education

(HADITH AND FIQH)

Paper 2

2 hours 30 minutes

## **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:**

This paper is divided into two sections, A and B.

Answer any four questions, taking at least one from each section.

All questions carry equal marks.

Any additional question(s) answered will not be marked.

## **SECTION A**

- 1. The restrictions that were placed on the recording and collection of Hadith during prophet's time ensured the purity and protection of Hadith. Justify the above statement.
- 2. Examine Imam Muslim's contribution to the collection and compilation of Hadith.
- 3. Account for the inclusion of Ibn Majah among the six celebrated compilers of Hadith.
- 4. Explain the various methods of Hadith scholars used to detect forged Hadith.
- 5. "Dhaif the most flexible of all classes of Hadith". Discuss.
- 6. "The decision by some scholars to classify some Hadith as Nabawi was not without justification". Assess the validity of this statement.

## **SECTION B**

- 7. The confrontation between nationalists and traditionalists marked the most important stage of the development of schools of legal thought. Discuss.
- 8. To what extent did the refinement of crude Ijtihad contribute to the emergence of Qiyas as a source of law?
- 9. Discuss the origins of the classification of Legal acts.
- 10. Account for the emergence of the schools of law in Islam.
- 11. Examine the conditions that must hold before Hudud (punishments) are administered.
- 12. Explain the ways in which Muslim minority countries like Uganda learn from the experience of Sharia application in some countries of the world.