

## **P.6 week two work**

### **Lesson one.**

**Structure:..... rather.....than.....**

### **Joining sentences using Rather...than...**

Rather is used to mean fairly or to some degree or instead of or preferred. Two ideas are compared and one is being preferred most than the other. The conjunction 'than' is to join the two ideas.

1'.would rather...than..'usually reduced to 'rather....than...

#### **Examples.**

1. I want to travel to Juba than travelling to China.

**I would rather travel to Juba than travel to China.**

2. She likes walking with cousins than step sisters.

**She rather walks with cousins than step sisters.**

3. It is better one stays at home than moving around visiting relatives.

**One would rather stay at home than move around visiting relatives.**

#### **Exercise**

**Join the following sentences using rather....than...**

1. My father - in- law likes eating rice but he likes eating matoke more.
2. Her uncle likes writing about family life than politics.
3. Kandy's niece prefers going shopping to touring new places.
4. It is better for my half brother to write letters than watch movies.
5. I like explaining to my father than my mother.
6. Mariam's sister -in-law prefers singing to dancing.
7. Ogoola's siblings having triplets more than twins.
8. **It** is better for me to boil eggs than frying them.

## **Lesson two.**

**Structure two:.....just/already....**

**Just is used to express actions that have taken place few minutes ago. The helping has or have are used with just or already with the past participle verb.**

**Examples:**

1. Jacob visited the sick people.

**Jacob has just visited the sick people.**

**Jacob has already visited the sick people.**

2. Parents are paying school fees for their children.

**Parents have just paid school fees for their children.**

**Parents have already paid school fees for their children**

**Exercise.**

Use just or already in the sentences below.

1. My sister in law is going away.
2. His niece met her friend.
3. Nancy gave birth to twins.
4. Their uncle was accused of defilement.
5. You sent an invitation card to your brother.
6. Dad settled in a sparsely populated area.
7. Mummy's uncle is cleaning the room.
8. His relatives spoke to the clan leader.

## **Lesson three**

**Structure:... too...to... or too...for..**

**It is used to express an impossibility or something in desirable by using a negative idea. It is used after helping verbs and followed by adjectives.**

**helping verb +too +adjective + action verb.**

**When the subject comes after the object ,we use 'for 'after the adjective.**

**NB:Don't use a pronoun 'it ' at the end of the sentence**

**Examples:**

1. Bob is young .Bob cannot move with his sisters.

**Bob is too young to walk with his sisters.**

2. Kevin was very tired. She could not wash all the utensils.

**Kevin was too young to wash all the utensils.**

3. The night was very short .She did not enjoy her bed.

**The night was too long for her to enjoy her bed.**

**Exercise**

**Join the following sentences using..too..to..or too...for...to**

1. Winnie's grandfather is very old .He cannot remember his date of birth.

2. Your was very busy. He could not read this newspaper.

3. Sara is very young. Her father cannot allow her to marry.

4. Their aunt is very short. Their aunt cannot measure two meters

5. Joseph's niece is very disobedient. I cannot easily forgive her.

6. My mother in law is very busy .She cannot with the visitors.

7 Pauline is not old enough to refuse your advice .

8. The soup was not cold enough for his daughter in law to sip hurriedly.

**Lesson four**

**Structure: such ....that.....**

**We use the above structure to express a result or consequence .We also use so..mthat..to express the same.**

**such + a/an +adjective+ noun(singular) + that**

**Examples**

1. Richard is a very rude twin. Richard cannot get a friend.

**Richard is such a rude twin that he cannot get any friend.**

2. Solomon is so faithful that all of us like him.

**Solomon is such a faithful brother that all of us like him.**

**Exercise**

**Join the following sentences using....such ....that.....**

1. My uncle is a very cruel man.I fear to talk to him.
2. The bride's mother in law was very old .She could attend the wedding .
3. A niece of mine has so good handwriting that all the teachers can read.
4. Your grandmother is a very humble lady.  
I love to live with her.
5. My stepmom is wearing very expensive shoes. No other person can afford them.
6. Denis is so bright that he will answer all the questions correctly.

**Lesson five**

**Structure....is .....but....is...**

**The above structure is used to illustrate a difference between two ideas or phrase.**

**Examples**

1. Kyaka is my father.Mrs. Kyaka is my mother.  
Kyaka is my father but Mrs Kyaka is my mother.
2. Viola is my aunt .Sulat is my uncle.

**Viola is my aunt but Sulat is my uncle.**

**Exercise Write five sentences using the above structure and present to your class.**