

PRIMARY FOUR LESSONS.

Monday Lesson. Formation of adverbs

Adverbs formed from adjectives that end in y change by dropping y for i before adding ly

Adjectives. adverbs

happy	happily
angry.	angrily
hungry	
heavy	
shabby	
noisy	
lazy	
easy	
hasty	
voluntary	

Adverbs formed from adjectives that end in e drop e before adding l or ly

Adjectives. Adverbs

able.	ably
comfortable.	comfortably
simple.	simply
true	
suitable	
notable	
whole.	wholly
possible	
capable	
horrible	
terrible	
ample	
credible	

Comparison of adverbs

We can compare how, when and where things are or take place by expressing different degrees

Adverbs are compared in three degrees namely;
Positive, Comparative and Superlative.

Positive.	Comparative.	Superlative
slowly.	more slowly.	Most slowly
beautifully.	more beautifully	
frequently		
ably		
easily		
reasonably		
possibly		
usually		
happily		
shabbily		
lazily		
politely		
humbly		
terribly		
horribly		
truly		

Certain adverbs are irregular and therefore, don't assume their comparison in the normal way like the ones shown above do. They make their comparisons like adjectives do. Those adverbs are as shown below.

Positive.	Comparative.	Superlative
fast.	faster.	
far.	farther/ further.	farthest/furthest
well.	better.	best
much.	more.	most
little.	less.	least

Tuesday Lesson

Use of.....some..... andany.....

"Some" and " any" are used in sentences to show either the presence or absence of something. Some is used in positive sentences while any is either used negative sentences or question form.

Examples

1. There's some food in the fridge.

There isn't any food in the fridge.

Or

Is there any food in the fridge ?

2. Mike has some visitors at home.

Mike doesn't have any visitors at home.

or

Does Mike have any visitors at home ?

3. She had some money in her bag

She didn't have any money on her bag

Or

Did she have any money in her bag ?

Activity

Change the sentences below to negative usingany.....

1. David has some milk in his bottle

2. The children had some nice pictures iin their books

3. My friends are having some new movies.

4. I carried some fresh fruits from the village.

5. Mrs Mwesigye has some milk in her bottle.

Thursday Lesson

The Past Simple Tense.

This tense talks about actions that took place in the past and are not connected to what is happening now.

Adverbs of time used in this tense include yesterday, last week, last year, last month etc

In the past simple tense, regular verbs change by adding either d or end to make the past simple tense

as seen below.

Present Simple.	Past simple
dance.	danced
glance.	glanced
blame.	blamed
smile.
talk.	talked
mark	
walk	
cook	
form	
mend	
fail	
welcome	
pack	
clean	
wash	
fill	
join	
pass	
pick	
play	
pray	
laugh	

Some verbs that change to the past simple tense by dropping y for i then add ed

Present Simple.	Past simple
cry.	cried
marry.	married
hurry	
ferry	
try	
fry	
dry	
bury	
carry	
copy	
accompany	

Some verbs that change differently in the past simple tense (irregular verbs)

Present simple. Past simple

come.	came
grow.	grew
shake	
take	
make	
see	
think.	thought
find.	found
drink	
drive	
give	
feel	
kneel	
sing	
weave	
shine	
rise	
stand	
sit	
fly	
throw	

Verbs that remain unchanged in the past simple tense

Present simple. Past simple

cost.	cost
burst	
shut	
hit	
split	
broadcast	
put	

