

S.2 HISTORY

Fill in the blank spaces provided with appropriate words or phrases.

1. The lake region is also called the This region is the area between and around the great lakes like, and 2. The origins of the earliest people in this area are based on or because they were above death. That historical period is referred to as the rule of gods or period of 3. The earliest empire in this region was the From oral tradition (..... and) and archaeology, we learn that this empire was perhaps founded by the as early inhabitants towards the mid 4. This period lasted for about (number) reigns, roughly from 1150AD up to This Tembuzi dynasty was founded by or (creator/god) He lived with his brother He was the first ruler and he set up his leadership with his brother. 5. His brother had four sons namely,,, and 6. K1 became the ancestor of /
- K2 became the ancestor of /
- K3 became the ancestor of /
- K4 and Ruhanga went to heaven and left to rule the earth. Each leader of this empire was called as a title. 7. The Omukamas between Kakama and Isaza were i.e. Kakama,, and Isaza. 8. Isaza divided Kitara into separate states called He married and produced His son married who became the mother of the last Tembuzi ruler. 9. The Kitara empire under the Chwezi comprised of some parts of Present day, and North Western Kenya. 10. The arrival of the Luo from Northern Uganda later led some parts of the empire to break off e.g., etc
11. The Chwezi are said to have originated either from Ethiopia, therefore of the origin or from Egypt hence of the Stock.
12. The pre-Chwezi inhabitants were whose work was both and They also did (magicians) 13. These were organized on clan basis.

Majority of them were cultivators and a few kept
(humpless) cattle. 14. The first Chwezi king was known as, he left
the throne in favor of his son15. This second king built his
capital at on the southern bank of river Katonga. He lived there with
his relatives, and 16. The Chwezi empire broke up
partly because of the constant misfortunes like and
.....plus the sudden 17. Some
people say that the Chwezi just
withdrew.....and..... 18. After the Kitara
break up, Bunyoro remained a big political entity until(year) during
the reign of Omukama when Toro was cut off from Bunyoro
by his son..... His own provincial army was called
.....19. The fleeing Bahima immigrants from former Kitara empire
formed a new kingdom in western Kenya called.....

20. The Luo formed Biito related dynasties in Busoga e.g.....,
.....and..... 21.
There is a claim that Buganda kings had a connection with the Luo Biito of Bunyoro
through Kabaka However, some say there was no connection,
because that king (.....) was a son of a Muganda prince
.....and the mother of that Kabaka was called
a Muganda woman. 22. Princewas son of Kabaka Chwa
.....(the second Kabaka of Buganda) 23. Prince
became the third Kabaka of Buganda in about 1374 AD but the Luo took over
Bunyoro kingdom around..... AD. 24. After the collapse of Bunyoro Kitara
Empire, a new and smaller kingdom called emerged. It was founded
by Omukama....., the brother of Kato kimera. 25. The kingdom
had aadministration under the Omukama. The Omukama
appointed all thein the kingdom. 26. The chiefs were responsible to the
Omukama and so provided him with gifts like, grains like
.....as well asplus 27. These
chiefs were mainly from thedynasty. While the chiefs kept
private armies, Kabalega kept a standing army called The
Omukama had powers to and dismiss 28. He was
the last, with royal regalia like the
.....etc. 29.
They had strong belief in(God) though they also believed that
the spirits couldor.....them. 30. Some of the kingdoms in
the lake region at that time include.....,
..... and

