



Plot 48 Muwayire Rd (behind IHK Hospital)
P.O.BOX 5337, KAMPALA - UGANDA
Tel: 256783111908
Email: info@stagnes.co.ug
Website: www.stagnes.co.ug

WEEK 7

PRIMARY THREE

ENGLISH CLASS WORK

LESSON 1

ADJECTIVES

USING THE COMPARATIVE FORM

Regular adjectives that take er in the comparative degree.

Using the comparative form to compare two people or things.

Examples

1. Joy is brighter than Miriam.
2. The teacher is taller than David.
3. Mary's dress is older than Maxine's.
4. A rat is smaller than a dog.
5. Snails are slower than tortoises.

Activity

Complete the sentences using the comparative degree of adjectives in the brackets.

1. Buses are _____ than trains.(fast)
2. Raziella scored _____ marks in English than Mathematics.
(high)

3. Of the two girls, who is _____ ? (pretty)
4. Malik is _____ than Amon.(young)
5. January is _____ than February.(long)
6. Boys are _____ than girls.(few)
7. His shirt is _____ than mine.(clean)
8. An ocean is _____ than a lake.(deep)
9. The teacher arrived _____ than the children.(late)
10. Wool is _____ than butter.(soft)

LESSON 2

The superlative degree of regular adjectives.

The superlative degree is used to compare more than two things or people.

Examples

1. Mark has the **neatest** book of all. (neat)
2. An aeroplane is the **quickest** means of transport.(quick)
3. Brian is the **tallest** boy in the class.(tall)
4. Who is the **oldest** of the three ladies? (old)
5. Joshua is the **youngest** boy in the family.(young)

Exercise

Use the words in the brackets to complete the sentences in the superlative degree.

1. That is the _____ man in the whole village.(strong)
2. She is the _____ girl of all.(clever)
3. A giraffe is the _____ animal in the jungle,(tall)
4. March is the _____ month of the year,(cold)
5. An hair is the _____ animal in the forest.(wise)
6. I ate the _____ the piece of meat in the plate.(hard)

7. A cheetah is the _____ animal of all.(fast)
8. That is the _____ the dress in that shop. (cheap)
9. He is the _____ man in our clan.(short)
10. Annet has the _____ uniform in the whole school. (clean)

LESSON 3

Adjectives that double the middle letter in the comparative and superlative before they take 'er' or 'est'.

| Positive | | Superlative |
|----------|---------|-------------|
| Big | Bigger | Biggest |
| Fat | Fatter | Fattest |
| Thin | Thinner | Thinnest |
| Wet | Wetter | wettest |
| Hot | Hotter | Hottest |
| Sad | Sadder | Saddest |
| Slim | Slimmer | Slimmest |
| Dim | Dimmer | Dimmest |
| Red | Redder | Reddest |

Exercise

Use the correct form of the words to fill in the gaps correctly.

1. Alex is _____ than Isaac.(big)
2. He is the _____ boy in the school.(thin)
3. An elephant is the _____ animal in the zoo.(fat)
4. She ate the _____ food at the party.(hot)
5. April is the _____ month of the year. (wet)

IRREGULAR ADJECTIVES

b. Some adjectives adjectives form their comparative and superlative differently.

Examples

| Positive | comparative | Superlative |
|----------|-------------|-------------|
| Good | Better | Best |
| Bad | Worse | Worst |
| many | More | Most |
| Little | Less | least |
| Far | farther | farthest |
| Much | More | most |

Exercise

Use the correct form of the adjectives to fill in the gaps below.

1. Yosef's handwriting is _____ than mine. (good)
2. In our class, boys are _____ than girls. (many)
3. Of the three girls. Katyln got the _____ mangoes. (little)
4. Mukama has the _____ handwriting in class. (bad)
5. Your car is _____ than ours. (good)
6. How _____ water did you fetch ? (much)