

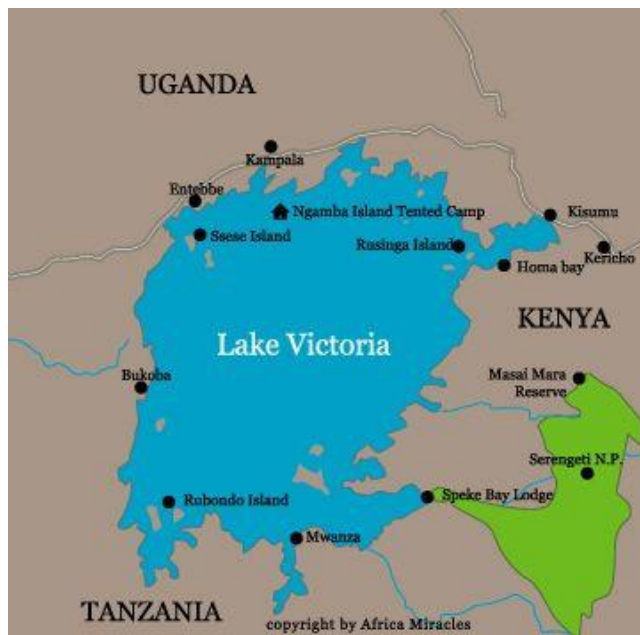
## P.5 SOCIAL STUDIES CLASSWORK WEEK 3

### Monday

#### PORTS ON LAKE VICTORIA

- Port Bukoba
- Port Musoma
- Port Bukakata
- Port Jinja
- Entebbe
- Port Bell
- Port Mwanza
- Port Kisumu

#### Diagram showing ports on Lake Victoria.



#### Why are there many people on the shores of Lake Victoria

- There is favourable climate for farming..
- Presence of fertile soils for farming.
- Provides job opportunities to people.eg fishermen, captains, sailors

#### Problems faced by fishermen in Uganda

- Poor transport system.
- Poor storage facilities.
- Poor methods of preserving fish.
- Presence of the water hyacinth.
- Presence of dangerous marine animals.

#### Qn.1.Give the importance of inland ports of Uganda.

- They handle Uganda's imports and exports.
- They provide employment to people.

## **2. Give problems caused by water hyacinth**

- It kills fish.
- It makes transport difficult.
- It destroys fishing nets.

## **3. Give ways of destroying the water Hyacinth**

- Using beetles (biological method)
- Using machines to remove it.
- By hand picking of the water hyacinth.

## **4. Importance of water hyacinth to people**

- It can be used to make crafts
- It can be used to make animal feeds.
- It can be used to make manure.

## **Tuesday**

### **LAKE KYOGA**

- It has fresh water. (It is a fresh water lake).
- It was formed by down warping.
- It is the most swampy lake in Uganda.
- It is connected to Lake Albert by Victoria Nile
- It is found in the centre of Uganda.

### **Qn. What shows that Lake Kyoga is on a lower altitude than Lake Victoria?**

- Victoria Nile flows from Lake Victoria to Lake Kyoga.

### **Qn. Why is lake Kyoga swampy?**

- It is shallow.

### **LAKE GEORGE**

- It is joined to Lake Edward by Kazinga Channel.
- It is crossed by the Equator.

### **What is the major tourist attraction found at Kazinga Channel?**

- Hippopotamuses.

### **Activities carried out on Kazinga Channel**

- Tourism.
- Transport.
- Fishing

## **LAKE ALBERT**

- Its traditional name is Mwitanzigye.
- It was named Albert by Sir Samuel Baker.
- It has a famous Port known as Port Butiaba

### **Reasons why Port Butiaba was built**

- To link Uganda to Democratic Republic of Congo.
- To promote transport.
- To handle Uganda imports and exports.

### **Activities carried out on Port Butiaba**

- Trade
- Fishing
- Transport
- Fish processing
- Tourism

## **LAKE MBURO**

- It is found in Kiruhura district.
- Part of Lake Mburo is Lake Mburo national game park.
- Lake Mburo national park is famous for zebras.

### **Importance of Lake Mburo to Uganda's economy**

- It creates chances of employment.
- It earns foreign exchange through tourism/fishing.
- It provides water for industrial use.

### **Problems facing fishermen on Lake Mburo**

- Presence of dangerous marine animals (Crocodiles)
- Poor fishing equipment.
- Shortage of capital.

### **How do lakes influence the climate of an area?**

- They help in the formation of rainfall.

## **Wednesday**

## **CRATER LAKES**

- A crater lake is a hollow or depression filled with water on top of an extinct volcano.

### **Name a crater lake in Uganda**

- Lake Katwe
- Lake Nyamunuka

- Lake Nyakasura.

### **LAVA DAMMED LAKES**

- These are lakes formed when lava blocks the river course.

#### **Examples include**

- Lake Mutanda (Kisoro district)
- Lake Bunyonyi (the deepest lake in Uganda).

### **OX-BOW LAKES**

- These lakes were formed as a result of river meandering.

#### **Man made lakes**

- These were formed as a result of human activities like dam construction.

#### **Example of man made lake in Uganda**

- Kabaka's lake
- Lake Kibimba

### **Thursday**

### **RIVERS IN UGANDA**

- Rivers flow from higher altitude to a low altitude.

#### **Give the meaning of the following**

**Source:** It is a place where a river begins.

**Mouth:** It is where the river ends.

**Distributary:** It is a small river that flows away from a big river.

**Tributary:** It is a small river which flows in a big river.

**An Estuary:** It is where the river ends in a wide opening.

**A Delta:** It is where a river divides into small rivers when entering the sea or an ocean.

**A Confluence:** It is a point where two rivers meet to flow as one.

### **RIVER NILE**

- It is the longest river in Uganda, East Africa and Africa.
- Its local name is Kiira.

- River Nile has its source in Lake Victoria.
- River Nile flows through Uganda, Republic of South Sudan, Sudan and Egypt.
- River Nile pours its water in Mediterranean Sea.
- River Nile ends in a Delta.

**Qn.1. Why does River Nile flow towards northern Uganda ?**

- Uganda's plateau is tilted towards the north.
- Northern Uganda is on a lower altitude than southern Uganda.

**Qn.2. Name the first European to see River Nile**

- He was John Speke in 1862.

**3. Why isn't it correct to say that John Speke discovered the source of River Nile**

- The native around the river had seen it before.

**Name the major water falls found on the River Nile**

- Bujagali falls.
- Karuma falls
- Murchison falls.
- Itanda falls

NB: Nalubaale dam and Kiira dam were built along R Nile in Uganda to generate more H.E.P

**Give two economic importance of water falls**

- They help to generate hydro electricity.
- They are tourist attraction centre.

**The tributaries of River Nile in Uganda.**

- R.Kafu
- Achwa

**Sections of the Nile**

- Victoria Nile from Lake Victoria to Lake Albert.
- Albert Nile from Lake Albert to Nimule.
- White Nile in South Sudan and Sudan.

**Friday**

**Why are some parts of River Nile not good for transport?**

- Presence of water falls caused by big rocks
- Presence of rapids.
- Some parts are narrow and shallow for big water vessels
- Presence of floating vegetation from Albert Nile to Sudan

**Give one reason why the banks of River Nile are densely populated.**

- Presence of fertile soils for agriculture.
- Reliable rainfall for agriculture.
- Fishing takes place (presence of employment opportunities.)

**How is River Nile important to industries of Uganda**

- It helps in the generation of hydro electricity.
- Provides water for cooling down machines in the industries around them.
- Provides water to industries which is used as raw material.

OTHER RIVERS IN UGANDA

**River Katonga**

- It flows out of L.Victoria into L.George.

**River Kagera**

- It flows from Lake Kivu in Rwanda into Lake Victoria.
- It forms a natural boundary between Uganda and Rwanda

**River Kafu**

- It connects Lake Albert to Lake Kyoga.

**River Semliki**

- Flows from Lake Edward and pours its water into Lake Albert.
- It flows in the western rift valley on the boarder of Democratic Republic of Congo and Uganda.

**Importance of rivers**

- They help in generation of hydro electricity.
- They provide water for domestic and industrial use.
- They provide water transport.
- They are fishing grounds.
- They attract tourists who bring foreign exchange.

**How do people miss use water bodies?**

- By over fishing
- By fish poisoning
- Through pouring wastes materials in water bodies.

**Dangers of living near rivers**

- Flooding of the area.
- Easy spread of water borne diseases

