

SEETA PARENTS PRIMARY SCHOOL HOLIDAY PACKAGE, TERM I 2020

SCIENCE P.6

NAME:
1. Name the smallest part of the plants or animals.
2. Give one way in which earthworms are useful to farmers.
3. Why do electric wires appear tight on cold days?
4. How important is the brooder in poultry keeping?
5. Use the diagram below to answer questions that follow.
Name the part of the plant drawn above.
6. What is the importance of part marked P?
7. Give a reason as to why the hole of ventilated improved pit latrine is left open?
8. Name the blood vessel that supplies oxygenated blood from the lungs to the heart.
9. Write down 3D's in full in their right order.

10. Mention one disease that is spread by house flies but, is not a disease spread by (4Fs)
11. Why is it good to keep windows open, when we are in class?
12. Differentiate between a scald and a burn.
13. Define the term transpiration.
14. In which way is mulching similar to crop rotation?
15. In the space below, draw the structure of a quill feather.
16. Define the term soil erosion.
17. Briefly explain, what temperature is.
18. Below is a diagram of a blood vessel, use it to answer questions 18 and 19.
19. Which type of blood is transported along this blood vessel?

20. By what process does smoke from chimneys of factories and kitchen rise up?
21. Convert 90°c to degrees Fahrenheit.
22. What are insulators?
23. Identify one example of an insulator.
Below is a diagram showing a bird's beak, use it to answer questions that follow.
24. To which group of birds, does this bird belong?
25. Mention one example of this type of bird.
26. Give one characteristic of poisonous snakes.
27. What name is given to small stones that are found in the bird's gizzard?
Study the diagram of the fish below and answer questions that follow.

28. Name the part labeled S
29. Identify one duty, that is played by worker bees in a hive.
30. Define the term metamorphosis.
31. Kapere was in between cliffs, he called his friend Wamene in a loud voice. After few seconds, he heard the same voice (sound). What was the cause of this?
32. Scientifically how do we term the above reactions.
33. Why do we eat food?
34. Besides foot and mouth disease name any one viral cattle disease.
35. Differentiate between poultry and poultry keeping.
36. Outline one condition that may stop seeds from germinating.
37. What are ruminant animals?
38. Identify one example of a ruminant animals.
39. Briefly state what swarming means in bee management.

40. In which way are plants able to regulate their transpiration rate during dry seasons?
SECTION B
41. a) What are hermaphrodite animals?
b) Give one example of a hermaphrodite organism.
c) Besides softening the soil, write down two values of earth worms to farmers.
42. a) What is poultry?
b) Identify any two types of chicken reared by farmers in Uganda. (i)
(ii)
c) Why does a farmer put saw dust in a deep litter house?
43. a) What is swarming?
b) Outline one reason as to why bees swarm.
c) Of what advantage is for bees to have their bee hive close to flowers.

questions that follow.
a) Define the term digestion.
b) Name the parts marked E and F.
(i) E
(ii) F
45. a) What is blood?
b) Outline the two components of blood.
c) Identify the pigment that makes blood red.

44. The diagram below is a system of a mammalian respiratory organ. Use it to answer

a) Name the stage labeled W	
b) Identify one example of art	hropods that undergoes this life cycle.
47. (a) What is a balance diet?	
(b)Why is milk called a compl	
-	
	ed in large quantities by the young child?
	v one will prepare oral rehydration salts locally.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
49. Match the wards in group	A with those in B.
A	В
Trponosomiasis	bacteria
Cholera	fungus
Ring worms	virus
Hepatitis	protozoa

46. Study the diagram below and answer questions that follow.

A	В
Trponosomiasis	
Cholera	
Ring worms	
Hepatitis	
50. What is air?	
(i) Name the gas used in bottled so	oda.
(ii) Why should a good house have	ventilators?
(iii) Name one object that can pollut	te the air.
51. a) What is personal hygiene?	
b) Identify the two activities involved	d in promoting personal hygiene at school.
(i)	
(ii)	
c) Brushing our teeth after every mea	al is part of promoting personal hygiene. How does
brushing teeth prevent tooth decay?	
52. Below is a structure of an egg use	e it to answer questions that follow

a) Name the parts labeled A and C.
A
c) Identify the food value that is got as a result of eating the egg.
53. a) In the space below, draw and label parts of a leaf.
pex, margin, leaf stalk and midrib
b) Define the term photosynthesis.
b) Define the term photosynthesis.
54. a) Who is an adolescent?
54. a) Who is an adolescent? b) Out line two characteristics of an adolescent.
54. a) Who is an adolescent? b) Out line two characteristics of an adolescent.
54. a) Who is an adolescent? b) Out line two characteristics of an adolescent. c) Where in human beings does fertilisation take place?

c) Identify one disease that attacks pigs.
PAPER II SECTION A (40MARKS)
1. Name the mineral nutrient responsible for the formation of blood.
2. What is an alloy?
3. Which gas is used by both burning and rusting?
4. Mention one way how we can prevent goitre.
5. Which part of an onion do we eat?
6. A bee uses water and nectar to make honey. What does the bee use to get water and nector?
7. How is coughing as a reflex action important in the body?
8. Why do telephone wires appear bent on hot days?
9. Name the structure that joins bones together.
10. What dangerous effect has severe diarrhoea to the body of a person?
11. How is the bird's eye protected from stones during the flying?

12. In which way is a sprain different from a strain?
13. Name the type of simple leaf shown below.
14 747 '(1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
14. Write down one basic sex characteristic in boys.
15. Mabirizi is a village chief where he keep broilers. What feeds should be given to his
boilers which are one week old?
16 D'6
16. Differentiate between drowning and near drowning.
17. Where in human beings does fertilization take place from?
40 N
18. Name the jelly like substance in an egg that keeps the yolk in position.
19. Define the term first aid.
20 II 1 (1 1 1 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2
20. How do frogs protect their eggs from dangerous predators?
21. In the space below, draw the structure of a canine tooth.

22. Identify one way how plants control transpiration rates during dry spells?
23. Convert 75° c to the Fahrenheit scale.
24. Give any other term to mean combustion.
25. What is a resource?
Use the experiment below to answer questions that follows
26. Why did the candle in B go off?
20. Willy that the carraic in B go on:
27. What does the experiment above show?
28. Name the gas that supports the above process to proceed.
29. Write 4Fs in full in rightful order.

30. Name the part marked B.
31. Of what importance of part A to the VIP?
32. How many stages of development does a culex mosquito undergo?
33. In the space below, draw an illustration to show that air exerts pressure.
34. Dysentery is caused by either an amaeba or bacteria. How do these organisms reach the human alimentary canal?
35. Why do people tend to over urinate during cold days than hot days?
36. Apart from mulching, mention any other one way how soil erosion can be controlled.
37. The foetus is able to freely swim in the womb, identify the fluid that makes this possible.

Below is a structure of a V.I.P. Use it to answer questions that follow.

38. Name the blood cell shown above.
39. Identify the function of the above cell in living organisms.
40. Millipedes are said to be harmless organisms, how do they defend themselves from danger?
41. To which group of arthropods does an octopus belong?
SECTION B(60AMRKS)
42. a) What is smoking?
b) Identify the two poisonous substances found in tobacco.
(i)
(ii)
c) Give one reason why people smoke.
43. The diagram below is of a fertilized egg. Use it to answer questions that follow.
a) With letter h indicate the position of the air space.

Below is a structure of the blood cell, use it to answer questions 38 and 39.

b) How is part Q important t	•
c) Why is part 'P' porous?	
d) Give one reason why a por	ultry farmer should carry out culling.
44. a) What is the function of t	
b) Which blood component is	destroyed by H.I.V, that causes AIDS?
	e structure of a red blood cell.
d) Digested food nutrients are nutrients have that enables th	e transported by plasma. What characteristic do digested food em to be carried in plasma?
45. Match the words in group	A with those in group B.
A	В
Tryponasomiasis	bacteria
Cholera	fungus
Ring worm	protozoa
Polio	amoeba
A	В
Tryponasomiasis	
Cholera	
Ring worm	
Polio	

49. By what process is a water changes into vapour?
b) In which state of matter is ice?
c) How can you separate the mixture of sand and water?
d) In which state of mater are molecules very far apart?
50. State two signs that show that a child is suffering from:
a)Kwashiorkor
(i)
(ii)
b)Marasmus
(i)
(ii)
51. Use the diagram below to answer the questions.
a) Name the method of finding the volume shown.
a) Traine the method of intanty the volume shown.
b) What name is given to the container marked Y.
,
c) What is the volume of the stone?
c) virial is the volume of the stone:

52. Put a tick in t	he correct state of m	atter.	
1.	0.11.1	T	
ubstance	Solids	Liquids	Gases
team			
Vater			
ce			
Carbon dioxide			
a). Civa the fund	otion of nort V		
a) Give the func	ction of part Y.		
	etion of part Y. eggs of the fish fertil	ized?	
b) How are the			
b) How are the control of the contro	eggs of the fish fertil	e tadpole?	

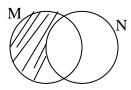
b) Mention two main agents of erosion.
(i)
(ii)c)
Identify one danger of soil erosion in the environment
55. The pie-chart below represented the amount of gases in the atmosphere.
a) Name the gas represented by the letter X and Y.
(i)X(ii)Y
b) What percentage is gas labeled Y.
c) Give one example of gas Z.

MATHEMATICS P.6

SECTION A

1. Workout: 4 5 x 6

1. Describe the shaded part in the venn diagram below.



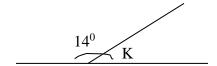
2. If y = 3, find

the value of 4 x y.

3. The perimeter of a square is 20cm. find the length of each side of the figure.

4. Write 329 in expanded form using powers.

5. Find the value of K in the figure.



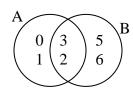
6. Find the range in 3,7,9,2,1 and 3.

7. Reduce ⁶/₁₂ to its lowest terms.

8. The cost of 2 pancakes is 600/=. Find the overall cost of three similar pancakes.

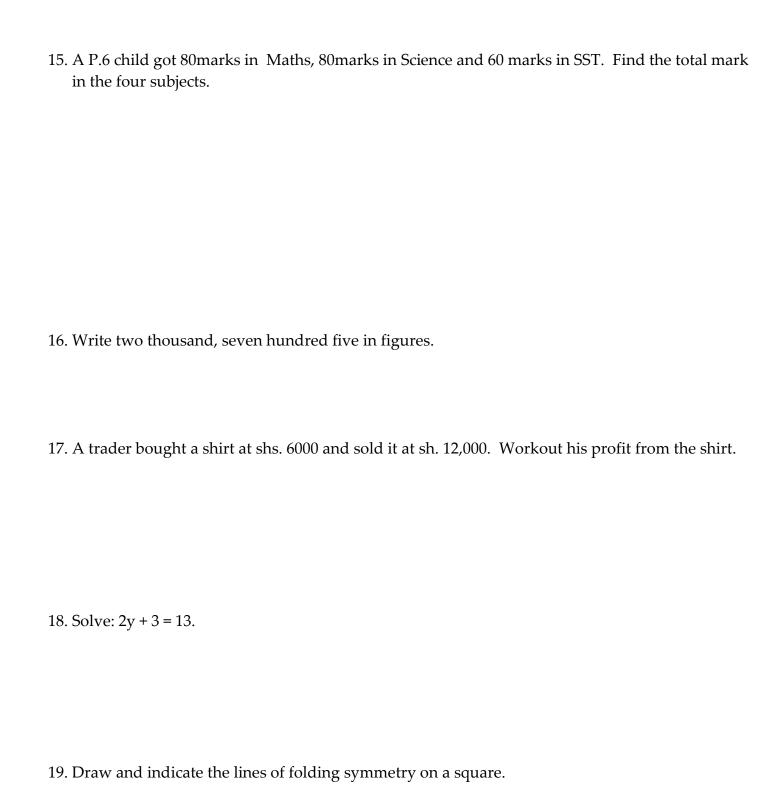
9. Find the next number in the series 7,9,10,12,13,......

10. Below are two sets.



List all the elements in set B.

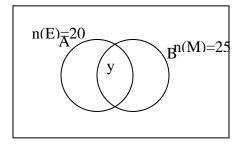
11. Jane can read one novel in one day. How many novels can she read in a week at the same rate?
12. A bag contains 13 guaras, 12 oranges and 4 mangoes. How many fruits are in the bag?
13. Using a pair of compass, construct an angle of 120°.
14. Below is a rectangle whose area if 50cm ² .
14. Delow is a rectangle whose area if 50cm.
W
10cm
Find the values of W.



20. Find the value of $5^2 + 3^2$.

SECTION B (60MARKS)

21. a)Represent the above information on a venn diagram. (2mks)



a) Find the value of Y. (2mks)

b) How many pupils like only one subject? (2mks)

c) If a pupil was picked randomly, what is the probability that the pupil likes English only? (2mks)

22. Suzan went to the super market and bought the following items.

2kg of rice at shs. 1500 per kg.

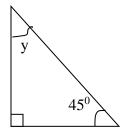
4 packets of omo at shs. 500 per packet.

- $\frac{1}{2}$ kg of meat at shs. 4000 per kg.
- 5 tomatoes at shs. 600.
- a) Calculate his total expenditure. (2mks)

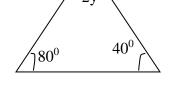
b) If Suzan had 10,000/=, How much was her balance? (2mks)

23. Find the value of Y in the figures. (2mks each)

a)



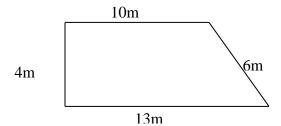
(b)



- 24. Given the number 6428. Use it to answer the questions that follow.
- a) What is the product of the value of 8 and the value of 2?

b) Find the sum of the value of 6 and the value of 4. (2mks)

25. The figure below shows Mr. Mudoma's compound.

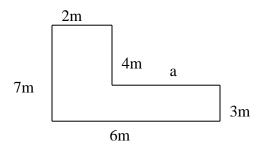


a) Calculate the area of the compound. (2mks)

b) Find the perimeter of the compound. (2mks)

b) Solve for a: 3a - 4 = 6 + 5. (2mks)

27. Use the figure below to answer the questions that follow.



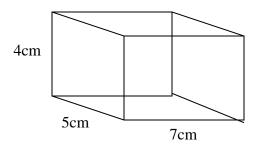
a) Find the value of a. (2mks)

c) Calculate the perimeter. (2mks)

b) Workout its area.

28. Using a ruler, pencil and a pair of compasses, construct an equilateral triangle of side 4cm.

29. Use the cubiod to answer questions.



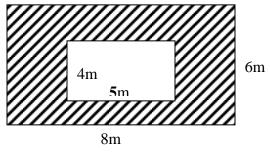
a) Find its volume. (2mks)

30. (a) Workout:
$$6 - 4 + 8$$
. (2mks)

b) Calculate its total surface area. (2mks)

b) Opata uses seven hundred forty litres of water in a day. Find the total number of litres Opata uses in five days. (2mks)

31. Use the figure below to answer questions.



a) Workout the area of the shaded part. (3mks)

32. If
$$x = 2$$
 and $y = 6$. Find the value of;

$$a) 2a + b$$

(2mks)

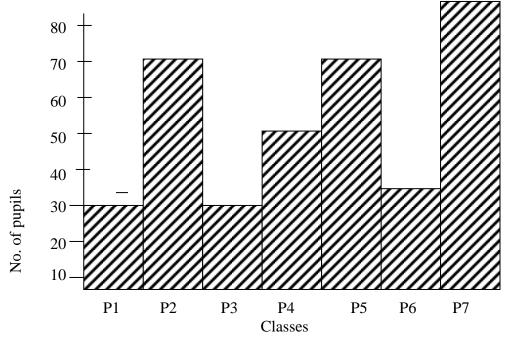
b)
$$y^2 + 2x$$

(2mks)

c)
$$\sqrt{xy+4}$$

(2mks)

33. The bar graph below shows the enrollment in pupils in Creamhill Junior School from P.1 to P.7



a) How many pupils are in P.2 and P.4? (1mk)

b)	Which classes have the same number of pupils? (1mk)

SOCIAL STUDIES

1.	Name the British colonial secretary who advocated for the formation of East African High Commission.
2.	Where were the head quarters of the East Africa High Commission?
3.	Give the reason for the failure of East African Common Service organisation.
4.	Write down any one department that was run by the East African High Commission.
5.	Which organisation was formed after the collapse of East African High Commission?
6.	Name the organisation that was formed after the East African Common Services Organisation.
7.	Give any one reason why Kabaka Edward Mutesa II refused the idea of East African Federation.
	Name the British governor of Uganda who exiled Kabaka Edward Mutesa II for refusing the East African federation.
	Which Agreement was signed to demand for the return of Kabaka Mutesa II from exile?
10.	Name the official who signed the above agreement on behalf of Buganda kingdom.
11.	In which continent of the world is East Africa located?
12.	What is continent?
13.	In which geographical region of Africa is East Africa located?

14. Mention the largest continent in the world.
15. Which physical feature boarders East Africa in the East?
16. Mention the two countries that border East Africa in the North.
(i)
(ii)
18. What is the compass direction of Democratic Republic of Congo from East Africa?
19. How many countries share boarders with East Africa?
20. Which country in East Africa is disadvantaged by its location?
21. Write the countries of East Africa in the order of their size.
22. State the economic importance of port Mombasa and Dar-es-salaam to the countries of East Africa.
23. Which sea port handles most of Uganda's overseas imports and exports?
24. State one importance of a capital city to a given country.
25. Name the biggest island that lies off the coast of East Africa.
26. How is port Mombasa important in the export trade of Kenya?
27. State one economic importance of Kenya to Uganda.

28. Give one reason why it is important for countries to cooperate among themselves.
29. What are lines of attitudes?
30. Which important line of latitude crosses East Africa?
31. Mention any one neighbouring country of East Africa that is crossed by the equator.
32. Name the country in East Africa that is found in the Southern hemisphere.
oz. Tvanie tre country in East Mirea that is found in the Southern hemisphere.
33. In which month of the year does the sun over head the tropic of capricorn?
34. State any one importance of lines of latitudes.
35. Why is the Equator marked O ⁰ ?
36. Which two countries in East Africa are crossed by the equator?
(i)
(ii)
37. What is a hemisphere?
38. State the standard measure for lines of latitudes.
39. What is another name for the prime meridian?
40. Name the only city in Africa that is crossed by the prime meridian.

SECTION B

41. a) What do you understand by the term cosmology?
b) Mention the two components f the universe.
(i)
(ii)
c) Name the smallest and nearest planet in the universe.
42. a) Write E.A.C in full.
b) In which year was E.A.C formed?
c) Where were the headquarters of the E.A.C?
D) Name any one member state of the former E.A.C.
43. a) Give any one reason why E.A.C was formed.
b) State any one achievement of the E.A.C.
c) Give one benefit of E.A.C to an individual.
d) Give one symbol of the East African Community.
44. a) How many countries form the current E.A.C?
(i)(iii)(iii)
(iv)(v)
b) Name the current member states of East African Community.

c) Which Africa country tried to colonise Uganda.
d) Why did the above mentioned country try to colonise Uganda?
45. a) What is history?
b) Give the meaning of the term pre-historical period.
c) Mention any two sources of history.
(i)
(ii)
46. a) Who is an Archaeologist?
b) Mention any two examples of fossils.
(i)
(ii)
c) Give the meaning of the term carbon dating.
47. a) Who discovered the oldest skull of early man in East Africa?
b) Name the Stone Age site where the oldest skull of early man was discovered?
c) What name was given to the oldest human being discovered by Louis Leakey?
d) Why is East Africa referred to as the cradle of mankind?

48. a) What are Stone Age sites?
b) Give any two importances of archaeological sites in East Africa.
(i)
(ii)
c) Mention any one Stone Age site in Uganda.
49. a) What do you understand by the term evolution of man?
b) Who is believed to be the earliest human ancestor?
c) Give any two tools that were made by homohabilis.
(i)(ii)
50. a) Name the first animal to be tamed by man.
b) What was early man's greatest discovery in new Stone Age period?
c) Which discovery made early man to live a settled life?
d) State any one characteristic of early man in new Stone Age period.
51. a) What is black smithing?
b) Give an example of Iron Age site in East Africa.

c) Mention any two examples of iron tools.
(i)
(ii)
52. a) What is an ethnic group?
b) Give the meaning of the term tribe.
c) Which ethnic group migrated to East Africa from Cameroon highlands?
d) From which direction did the Nilotics enter Uganda?
53. a) What do you understand by the term interlacustrine?
b) Which ethnic group of people occupied the interlacustrine region?
c) Give any two reasons why the above mentioned group occupied the interlacustrine
region.
(i)
(ii)
54. a) Name the last king of the Bachwezi.
b) Which empire was formed by the Bachwezi?
······································
c) Where were the headquarters f the Bachwezi?
d) How is Bigobyamugenyi economically important to the development of Uganda?

55. a) Why was the long distance trade called so?
b) Mention one tribe in Uganda that took part in the long distance trade.
c) Mention the main trading centre in the interior of East Africa during long distance trade.
d) Give any one positive effect of the long distance trade.

ENGLISH P.6

In each of the question 1 – 5, fill in the black space with a suitable word.

1 the people in Kigezi terrace their gardens, the soil will
erode.
2. Hardly had the parents sleptthey got the sad news.
3. Namagembe, thehas a lot of flowers to sell today.
4. You passed all the subjects,you?
5. Drivers are always warnedover speeding.
In each of the questions $6 - 15$, use the correct form of the word given in the brackets to complete the sentence.
6. A bad teacher mistreatspupils. (he)
7. The doctor'swas very complicated. (sign)
8. English language isthan French. (easy)
9. Thecurriculum emphasizes teaching in the local languages. (theme)
10. This loaf of bread wasprepared yesterday. (nice)
11.My father alwaysme to work hard at school. (courage)
12. There is abetween bleed and breed. (differ)
13.Flavia forgot thelist on the table. (shop)
14.That porridge is very(heat)
15.Theterm's holiday is longer than the rest. (three)
In each of the questions 16 and 17, use each of the given words in a sentence to show
that you know the meaning.

17.hare.....

For questions 18 and 19, re-arrange the given words to make a correct sentence.	
18.speech have of should children freedom.	
19.your is what elder of name the brother?	
In each of the questions 20-23, re-write the sentences, giving a single word for the underlined group of words. 20.The girl feared to enter the room in the hospital where dead bodies are kept	•
- 1	
21. <u>A young one of a sheep</u> bleats everyday.	
22.The taxi conductor put the passenger's <u>mattress</u> , <u>suitcase</u> and <u>bag</u> on the racl	k.
In each of the questions 23 and 24, arrange he given words in alphabetical order.	
23.pillow, pilot, pill, pillar.	
24.newsroom, newscast, newspaper, newsagent.	
In each of the questions 25 and 26, give the abbreviation of the given words.	
25.Mistress	
26.By way of	
In questions 27 and 28, give the plural form of the underlined word.	
27.The <u>news</u> spread every where like bush fire.	

	28.Their <u>cargo</u> delayed abroad.
	29. James failed the test because his answers were <u>relevant.</u>
	30. The old man was not guilty.
In	each of the questions 31 to 50, re-write the sentences as instructed in the brackets.
	31. The gentleman was impatient. I borrowed some money from him. (Re-write as one
	sentence using:from whom)
	32.Peter read the instructions. He didn't follow them. (Re-write beginning: In spite
	of)
	33. The gate was locked, but the pupils escaped. (Re-write using:even
	though)
	34. The queen had a ring. It was made of gold. (Re-write ending withring.)

35. This is a very lovely day. (Re-write beginning: What!)
36.The examination was very tricky. Most of the candidates failed it. (Re-write beginning: It was such)
37.My classmates managed to win the netball match. (Re-write using:succeeded in)
38.We stayed in doors because it was raining heavily. (Rewrite using: As)
39.Nobody helped mother to prepare lunch. (Re-write ending:herself.)
40.If you go into marriage early. You face more challenges. (Re-write beginning: The earlier)
41.The girls worked very hard. They wanted to pass with flying colours. (Join and begin In order:)
42.One of the teachers was stung by a bee. (Re-write beginning: A bee)

43.My father is a doctor. (Write a suitable question for the above answer)
44.She switched off the lights. Then she went to the bedroom. (Rewrite beginning: Having)
45.Nsimbi is a rich man. Nobody is richer than Nsimbi in my village. (Re-write as one sentence ending:man in my village.)
46.He intends to join St.Mary's College in senior one. (Re-write beginning: His)
47.Ojambo said that he could not force Angel to marry him. (Rewrite ending: "" said Ojambo.)
48.Mary is not wearing a uniform. Jimmy is not wearing a uniform. (Re-write beginning: Neithernor)
49.It is three weeks since we last ate chicken. (Re-write using: We haven't)

50. The girls don't have good memory. They will not stop abortion. (Re-write	
beginning: If the girl had)	
	••
••••••	

51. Read the following passage carefully and answer in full sentences the questions that follow.

Last term, the P.7 pupils of Ntake Junior Academy visited Giant Loaf Bakery. The bakery is found at Port Bell.

They traveled by bus from school to the bakery. On the way, the pupils saw interesting things such as buildings, vehicles, trees, sculptures, crafts, shops and super markets. The trip was organized by Mr. Kitaka, the Director of Studies.

When the pupils reached there, they were divided into small groups. Each group consisted of fifteen pupils. Each group was given a guide who showed and explained to the pupils the whole process of baking.

First, the pupils saw how flour is mixed with sugar, yeast, onions, water and other ingredients to make dough. Next, they saw how dough is kneaded and how different things like cakes, burns, bread and doughnuts are shaped and baked in the ovens.

Finally, the pupils saw how bread is sliced and packed. At every stage, the pupils asked questions. The guides were capable enough to answer all the questions. By the end of the trip, the pupils had learnt and discovered a lot about baking. They realized that baking is a profitable business.

The manager gave each one of the pupils and the teachers who accompanied them a loaf of bread.

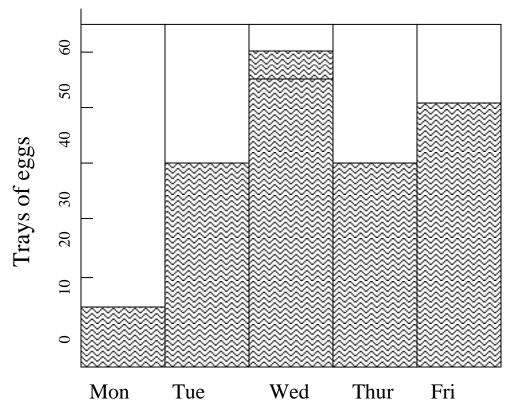
It was indeed a very educative and interesting tour.

By Kitakule Anderson.

QUESTIONS.

	a) Which class had a tour to the bakery?
••	b) Who organized the trip?
••	c) How did the pupils travel from school to the bakery?
	d) What name is given to a place where bread is made?
	e) According to the story, what is the last process the pupils saw?
	f) What did the guides do?
	g) Where is Giant Loaf Bakery located?
	h) Who is the author of the passage?
	i) What did each pupil get at the end of the trip?
	j) Suggest a suitable title for the passage.
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52.Byamukama is a Poultry farmer in Kisozi village. The graph shows the trays of eggs Byamukama collected on his farm last week. Study it carefully and answer, in full sentences the questions that follow.



Questions

a)	What does the graph show?
b)	Where does Mr.Byamukama live?
c)	How many trays of eggs did he collect on Friday?
d)	According to the graph, on which day did he collect the highest number of eggs?

	e)	Monday?
•••	f)	On which day of the week did he get the least number of eggs?
	g)	What was the total number of trays of eggs collected during that week?
	h)	When did he collect forty trays of eggs?
	i)	On which two days did he collect the same number of egg?
	j)	What was the difference between the maximum and minimum collection?
53	. <u>Tł</u>	ne sentences below are not in correct order. Re-arrange them so that they form a
	sh	ort composition about "The stages in life"
	a)	The first stage is birth.
	b)	Last week, my brother and I attend a wedding ceremony in our home village.
	c)	He advised the bride and the bridegroom to trust in God.
	d)	The ceremony was presided over by Reverend C.T. Mbanga.
	e)	This will help to strengthen their marriage.
	f)	The wedding took place at all Saints' Church, Kagoma.
	g)	Men and women under go three most important stages in their life time.
	h)	And the last stage is death.
	i)	The other stage is marriage.
	j)	However, marriage is the most interesting stage in life.

54. Read the following poem carefully and answer, in full sentences, the questions that follow.

Here in prison I am,

<u>Abandoned</u> away from my family
For defiling,
My neighbour's daughter,
Who was just,

But in Senior One, I have learnt a lesson.

A rich man I was
Nick named uncle money,
But in prison!
I do hard work and walk bare foot,
And feed only on posho and beans,
Sleeping on a naked cement floor,
I have learnt a lesson.

Fellow sugar daddies,
Respect children's rights,
Do not misuse your <u>wealth</u>,
To attract young girls,
The general public is watching you!
I have learnt a lesson.

QUESTIONS.

	a) Who is talking in the poem?
•••••	b) Where exactly is the poet?
••••	c) Why was the writer imprisoned?
••••	d) What is the writer's daily meal?
•••••	e) How many stanzas does this poem have?
•••••	

f) What does the writer advise the sugar daddies to do?

g) Give	another word or group of words with the same meaning as the
unde	erlined words in the poem.
(i) a	abandoned
(ii)	wealth
(iii)	general public
h) Sugg	gest a good title for this poem.
week. Belo Complete	ct Inspector of School (DIS), Mr. Ebola Amos came to Grace's School last ow is the conversation between the Inspector and Namara Grace. it by filling in the blank spaces what you think were Grace's correct in full sentences.
Inspector:	Good morning, young girl.
Grace:	
Inspector:	What is your name?
Grace:	
Inspector:	How old are you, Grace.
Grace:	
Inspector:	Fourteen years! In which class are you?
Grace:	
Inspector:	That's good, but you need to work very hard in order to pass P.L.E this
year.	
Grace:	
Inspector:	What a serious pupil you are! What is your favorite subject?
Grace:	

	headmaster present today?		
	Grace:		
	Inspector:	If he is present, where is his office?	
	Grace:		
	Inspector:	So I should go to the second floor, room 5. Do you mind	
		accompanying me there?	
	Grace:		
	Inspector:	Thank you, Grace.	
	Grace:		
		PAPER II	
In qu	iestions 1 – 8	3, complete the sentences using the correct words or group of words.	
1.	These are t	he boys I gave some cakes.	
2.	If I had see	n him, I wouldtold him that you had gone.	
3.	I am clever	erPeter.	
4.	Musoke we	ent to schoolhe wasn't feeling very well.	
5.	Either Win	fredChristine tore your book.	
6.		car is parked near the main gate?	
7.	The story v	vas so interesting that it made the whole	
	class	into laughter.	
8.	He is quite	a wealthy man,?	

Inspector: You're absolutely right because most girls like English best. Is the

<u>brackets.</u>
9. You should stopto your friend like that. (lie)
10.Kigozi and Bukenya are thefootballers in the school.
(good)
11.I would like to use your pen becausehas stopped working.
(my)
12. That is the tailor who makes theshorts. (boy)
13.Theof the piece of cloth is two metres. (long)
14.Imy work by next Wednesday. (finish)
For numbers 15 – 17, arrange the given words in alphabetical order.
15.their, this, that, then.
16.pulse, pat, pet, prince.
17.cream, claim, crew, crane.
<u>In questions 18 – 20, write the short form of the following words.</u>
18.It is
19.Of the clock
20.By the way of

In questions 9 -15, complete the sentences using the correct form of words given in

<u>In questions 21 – 23, rewrite the sentences giving the plural of the underlined words.</u>
21.The sheep bleated yesterday.
22. The <u>passer-by</u> stood worried at scene of the accident.
23.Mukasa and Andrew was the <u>hero</u> of the day.
In questions 24 – 26, give the opposite of the underlined words.
24.That road is very <u>wide.</u>
25.He made a lot of <u>profit</u> when he sold his new car.
26.It is <u>advantageous</u> to have hardworking people in the group.
<u>In questions 27 – 28, use each word in a sentence to show that you know what they</u>
mean.
27.far
28.fur
In questions 29 and 30, give a single word, which means the same as the underlined
group of words.
29. John's handwriting is getting better and better.
30.We were told to <u>keep up</u> our good work.

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SUB -SECTION II

For questions 31-50, re-write the sentences as instructed in brackets.
31.I had a bone in the kitchen. I gave it to the dog. (Join the sentences
using:which)
32.Willy is five metres tall. I am five metres tall. (Rewrite sing:asas
33."Will you visit your mother this holiday?" daddy asked me. (Begin: Daddy asked me)
34.I had breakfast then I went to work. (Begin: Before)
35.Mr. Lugemwa told me that he fought a lion when he was young.
(Rewrite and end: "" Lugemwa told me)
36.I am going to London. I will make a lot of money. (Begin: If)
37.When you eat much food you become fat. (Begin: The more)

38.My mother likes bananas more than cassava. (Rewrite using:prefer
39.We study very hard. We want to pass our examination. (Join beginning: In order to)
40.He tried very hard to get the car started but failed to do so. (Begin: However)
41.He didn't hear me. He didn't answer my call. (Begin: Had)
42.The rope is too high for me to jump. (Rewrite using:sothat)
43.Rosette is a very humble girl. (Begin: What!)
44.We admitted students on merit. (Rewrite the sentence beginning: Our)
45.The candidates needn't have copied the questions. (Rewrite the sentence using:necessary)

46.We want hardworking pupils in our school. (Begin: What we want)
47.The teacher told the pupils don't go out unless you have finished the exercise
(Rewrite and punctuate correctly)
48.All the domestic property had been stolen by the housekeeper.
(Begin: The housekeeper)
49. Angella is a very humble girl. She got a present from the head teacher.
(Join using:such athat)
50.He forgot to write the addresser's address. He missed two marks.
(Join using:because)